An example with two Alternaria leaf blight resistant carrot genotypes and four resistance assessment techniques.

Introduction: ALB and quantitative resistance

Experiment setup

Comparing four resistance assessment methods

Conclusion





ALB and quantitative resistance

Alternaria Leaf Blight

Coalescing gray-brown lesions Burnt aspect of severely affected leaves

Most destructive foliage disease, caused by *Alternaria dauci*









ALB and quantitative resistance

Vertical resistance Qualitative

Strain-specific

Well-studied resistance mechanisms (NBS-LRR proteins, etc.)

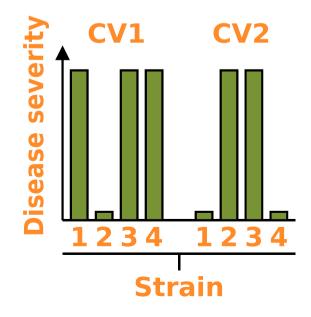
Mendelian determinism

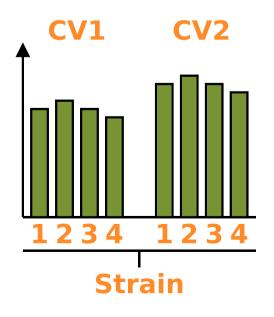
Horizontal resistance Quantitative

Non strain-specific

Only partially uncovered resistance mechanisms

Quantitative determinism (QTLs)







ALB and quantitative resistance

ALB resistance is horizontal

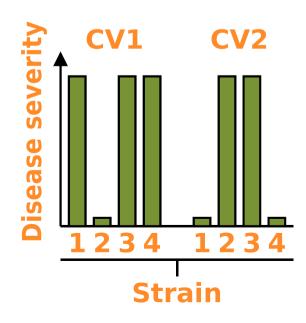
No complete resistance is known

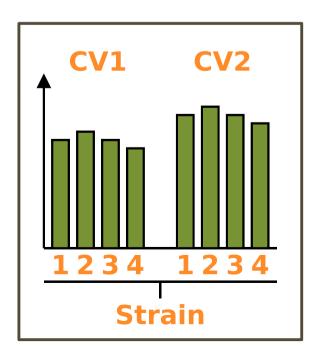
Current cultivars show insufficient levels of resistance

→ **How to measure horizontal resistance ?**

Resistance sources are found in different germplasms

→ Are they *really* different?





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Experiment setup

ALB resistance is horizontal

- → **How to measure horizontal resistance ?**
- Standard visual assessment (DS evaluation)
 - → Time consuming, environmental effects, evaluator effect...

Three alternative methods tested:

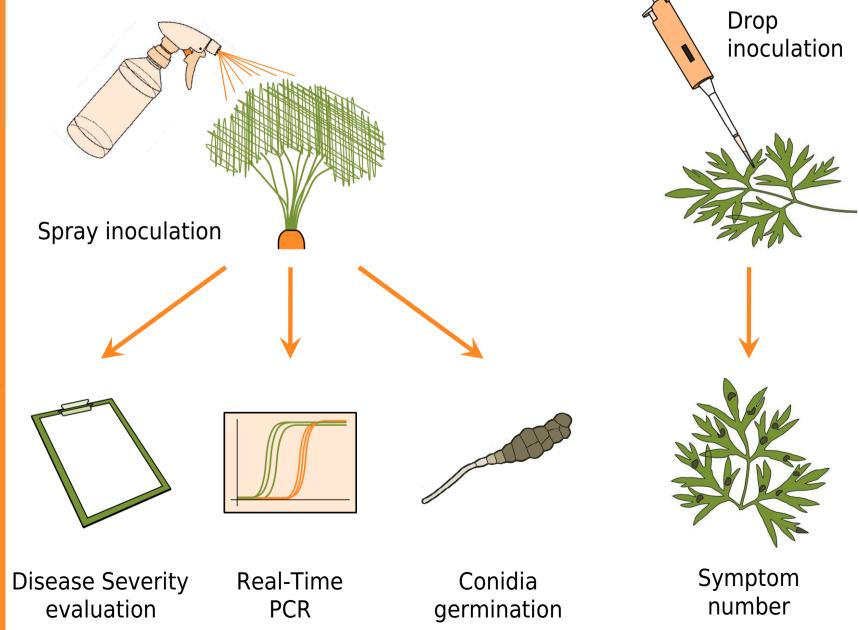
- qPCR
- *In vivo* spore germination
- drop inoculation

Three cultivars: • Presto (S) • Bolero (R1) • Texto (R2)

Two strains: • A2 • P2



Experiment setup







Experiment setup



Non detached leaves Incubation chambers: higher moisture

Pre-defined drop volume (5µL) Pre-defined drop number (40)

Total number of *A. dauci* spores is known from inoculum concentration

Symptom counting: A more objective notation.



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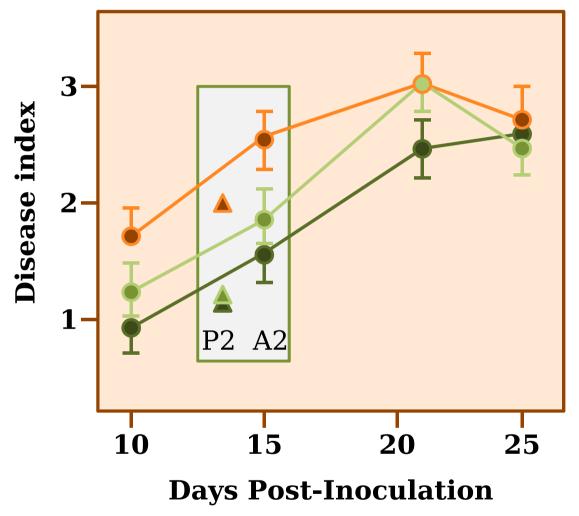
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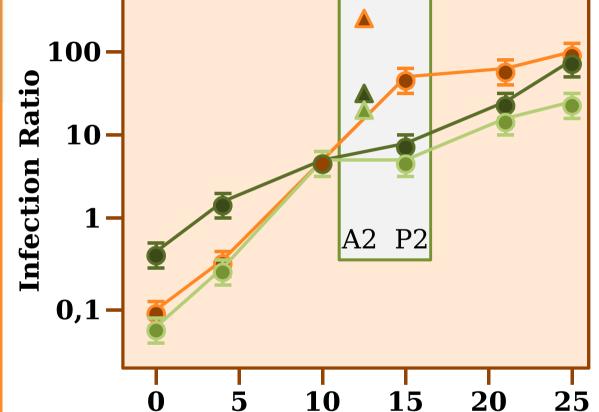
Presto (S)
Bolero (R1)
Texto (R2)

Presto always shows stronger disease indexes than resistant cultivars

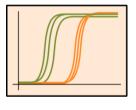
Maximum difference observed at 15 dpi.

No observed strain-cultivar interaction





Presto (S)
Bolero (R1)
Texto (R2)

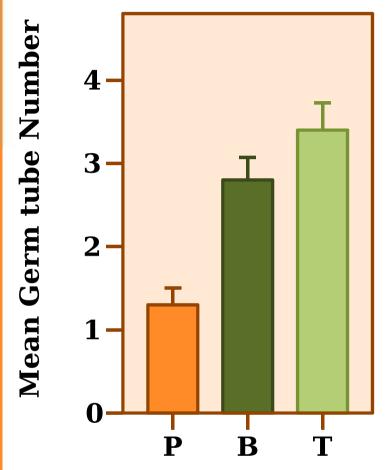


Presto shows stronger infection ratio than resistant cultivars after 10 dpi Maximum difference observed at 15 dpi.

No observed strain-cultivar interaction

Days Post-Inoculation





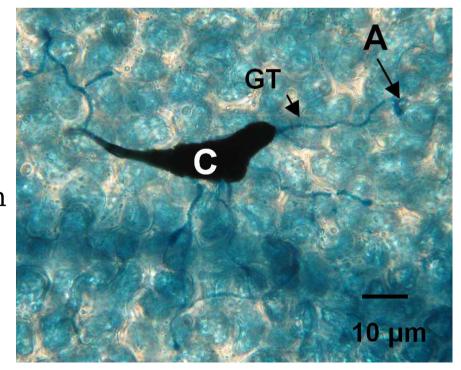
Presto (S)
Bolero (R1)
Texto (R2)

Germination rate ≈100%, ∀ tested cultivar

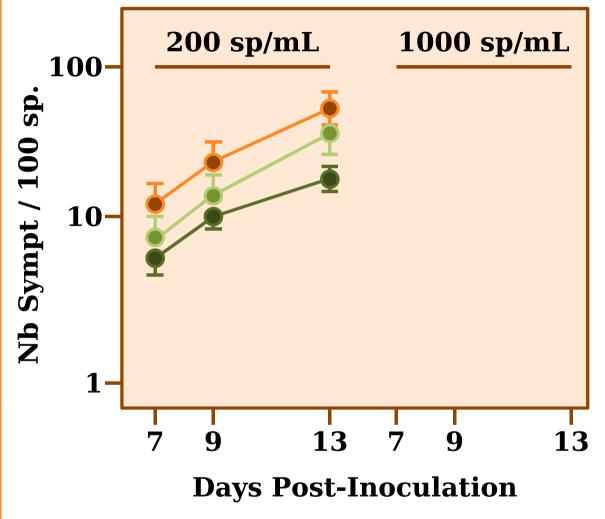


large germ tube numbers on resistant cultivars = failed penetration attempts?

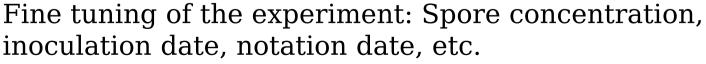
Example on Texto : 7 germ tubes







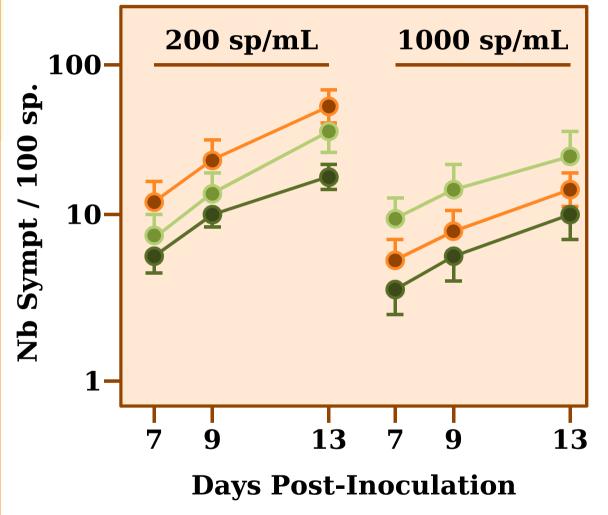
Presto (S)
Bolero (R1)
Texto (R2)



200 sp/mL: Resistance is detectable in Bolero compared with Presto. Texto shows intermediate resistance levels







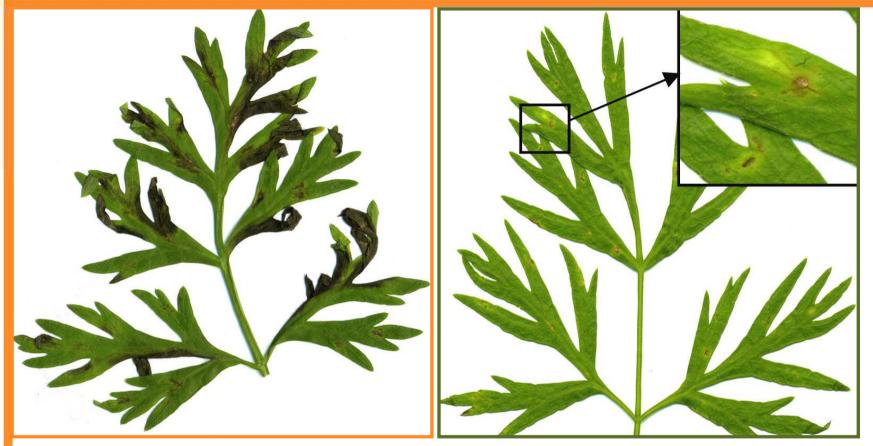
Presto (S)
Bolero (R1)
Texto (R2)



Fine tuning of the experiment: Spore concentration, inoculation date, notation date, etc.

1000 sp/mL quite different results: More symptoms in Texto than Presto! What happened?





Presto Bolero









Texto

13 dpi, 1000 sp/mL

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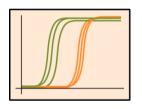
Conclusion: Qualitative resistance variation





Conclusion





Better resolution of the resistance level



Faster evaluation of resistance level (1dpi)



Smaller sample needed

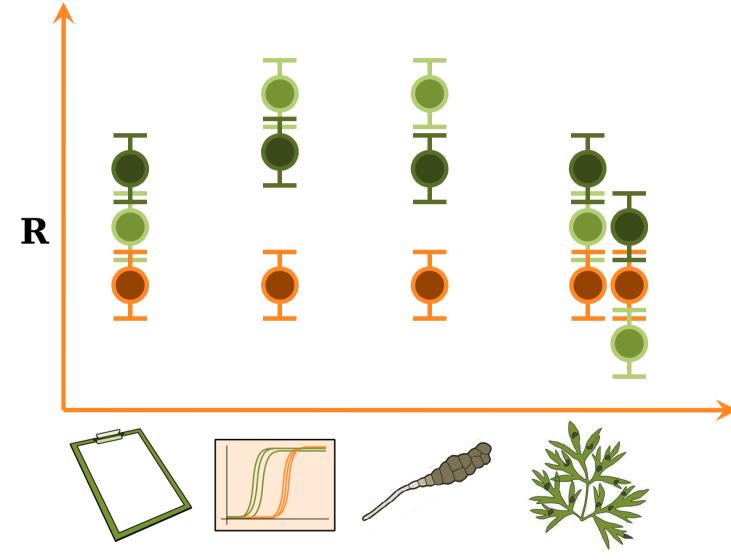
Observed resistance level is influenced by the evaluation method

When comparing resistance levels, homogeneity of evaluation method is critical.

Different evaluation method uncover different resistance mechanisms



Comparing two resistances



Bolero / Presto: Bolero always significantly more resistant.

Texto: Strong effect of the evaluation method.





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